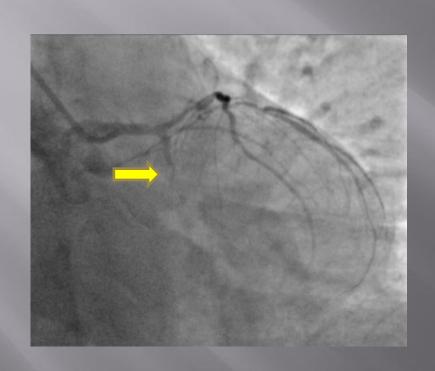
VALUE OF STRESS CMR TO GUIDE REVASCULARISATION IN MULTI-VESSEL CAD

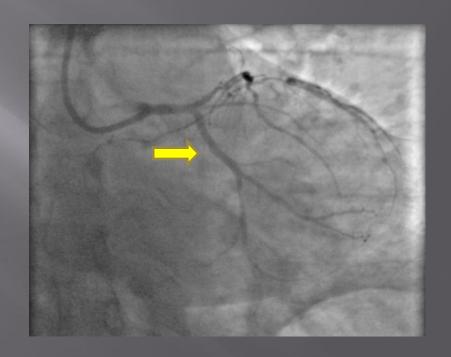
Dr Sridhar Srinivasan Bart's Health NHS Trust, London, UK

History

- 42 Year old South Asian Male
- Acute Chest Pain
- ECG: Lateral ST elevation
- Risk Factors: Hyperlipidemia, Smoker
- Admitted for Primary Angioplasty

Primary Angioplasty (PCI) to culprit LCX

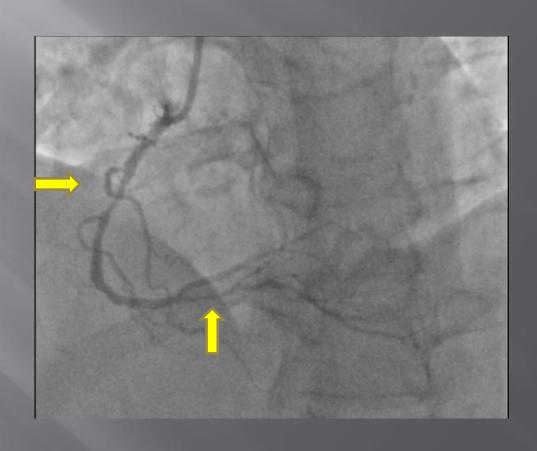




Significant non-culprit disease in LAD + first diagonal branch



Significant non-culprit disease in mid and distal RCA

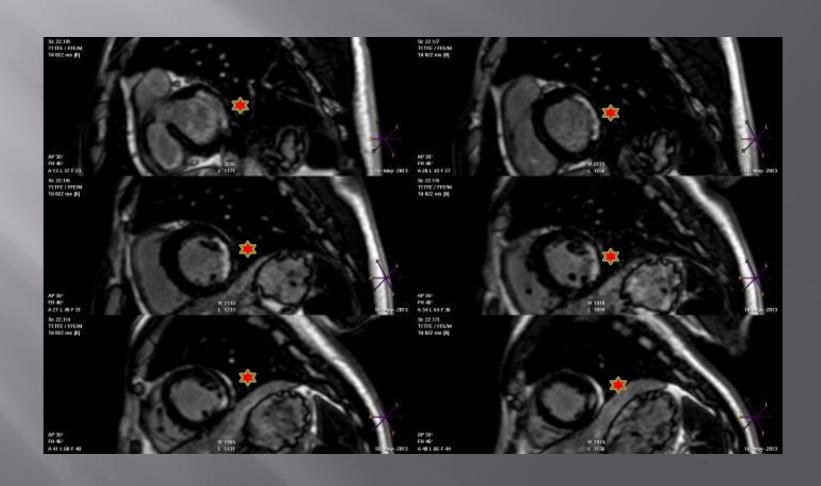


Plan

- CABG recommended Patient declined.
- On follow up, Class 3 Angina despite optimal medical therapy.
- CABG recommended- Patient declined and opted percutaneous coronary revascularisation.

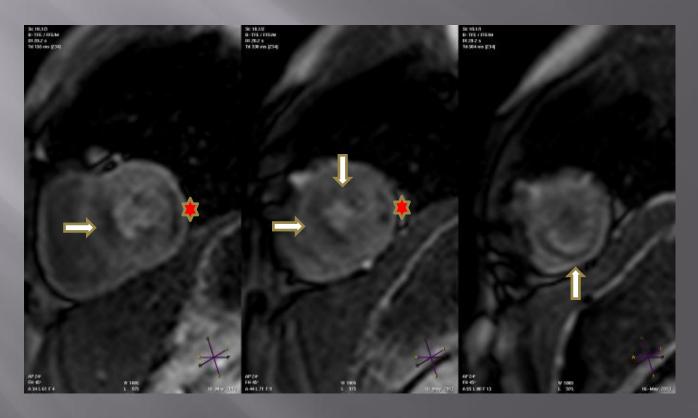
Perfusion CMR to guide revascularisation strategy

Sub-endocardial late gadolinium enhancement (LGE)



First pass perfusion sequence

- Large anterior and septal perfusion defect
- Small inferior perfusion defect

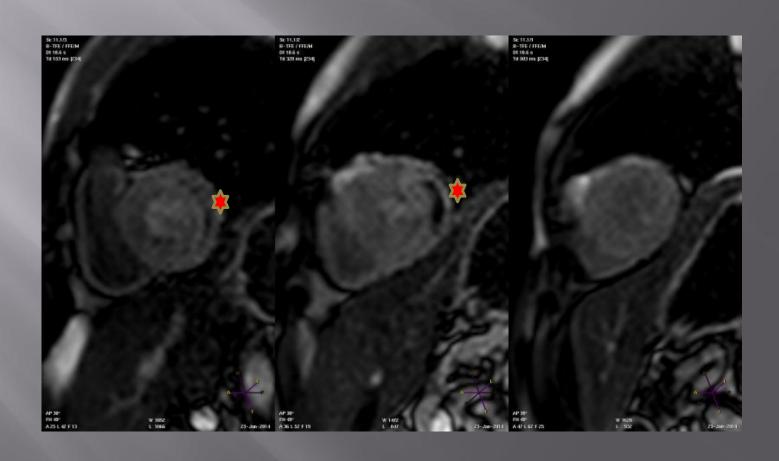


Matched Lateral Perfusion Defect

PCI to Proximal LAD



First pass perfusion - post PCI to LAD



To guide revascularisation strategy in multi-vessel CAD

- FAME Study Fractional Flow Reserve (FFR) guided PCI is superior to PCI guided by angiography
- Perfusion CMR vs FFR:

Positive predictive value of 91% Negative predictive value of 94%

Future? CMR Vs FFR

- Added advantages of CMR:
- Global Coronary Perfusion
- LV function
- Previous Infarction

MR-INFORM Study

Thank You